## Herzberg Design Co



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## ABOUT

## Name: Thanatos

Styles: 48
Year Released: 2023
Genre: Serif
Formats: Variable TTF, OTF, TTF, WOFF, WOFF2 Designer: Matthijs Herzberg

A typeface two years in the making; my most ambitious project to date. Eight weights, three optical sizes, in Roman and Italic. Chuck-full of opentype features? You bet.

Thanatos has roots in calligraphy and wood carving (a skill l've tried to pick up but haven't gotten very good at) -as shown by the ragged cuts on circular strokes, broken counterforms, and subtly concave stems.

Originally conceived as a custom typeface for a short horror film, Thanatos has sharp features and knife-like serifs. However, this aesthetic isn't inherently aggressive-it lends an air of craftsmanship and solidity. No coincidence, as a strong influence on Thanatos is Berthold Wolpe's 1930's Arts \& Crafts banger Albertus (used as a credit font throughout Jon Carpenter's entire filmography).

Said influence shows most clearly in Thanatos' contrast structure: while horizontal and vertical strokes are almost even in thickness (like a sans serif), connections between strokes, like between the bowls of the " $g$ " or the shoulder onto the stem of " $n$ ", are razor sharp.

These delicate features are awesome for display sizes, but become muddy when set smaller. Hence, Thanatos Text was developed, which features more robust stroke connections and serifs, as well as wider forms and more generous spacing. The Deck cut forms a welcome solution for all those pesky in-between cases.

Thanatos is the most versatile type family I've yet released, but does not sacrifice character one bit to do so. I hope that it can help you to focus your death drive on the things important in life.


Father \& Son $\uparrow$

FAMILY OVERVIEW - 8 Weights


## FAMILY OVERVIEW - 3 Optical Sizes Display, Deck, Text

As their names indicate, the display cut is meant for large sizes (48pt and up), whereas the text cut is for smaller stuff-generally below 24 pt or so. The deck cut sits in between, and shines around 24-48 pt. That said, it is all dependant on the medium and situation, so take these as recommendations, not rules. In addition, the rough forms of the text cut can look great for display too.

Comparison at 96 pt


Comparison at 14 pt

Display As Johannes Gutenberg's movable-type printing system gained...
Muddy!

Deck
As Johannes Gutenberg's movable-type printing system gained...

Text
As Johannes Gutenberg's movable-type printing system gained...
Clear!

## FAMILY OVERVIEW - 2 Styles Roman \& Italic

The Italic uppercase uses the same forms as the Roman, but slanted (and optically adjusted to look nice). The lowercase, however, uses a different ductus (a fancy word for a calligraphic model), which emulates cursive writing motions, but still with the same parameters as the roman to help the two relate. In some letters, this is very noticeable. In others, it's very very noticeable.


## STYLES display thin 96pt



## PANTANAL

## FEITICEIRO

 procedência emuladoras solidificação
## STYLES display thin italic 96pt

## GALICISMO



## STYLES display light 96pt

## RETIRIONS

## LAMPÂTES

## MYSTIQUE

 multiplions carmineras chausserait
## STYLES display light italic 96pt



## HISTRIONS



## STYLES display book 96pt



# translation 



## STYLES display book italic 96pt



## REVOLVED

## MENISCUS

## occasioning

## somnolence



## STYLES display regular 96pt



## VORSIEHT



STYLES display italic 96pt

## UFERLAGE ELBFAHRT RUBRIKEN <br> kreuzkraut

## sportboden

hasenfïßig

STYLES display semi bold 96 pt


STYLES display semi bold italic 96pt

## NEPHRITE <br> 

## compozitie



## STYLES display bold 96pt

## REVOQUE <br> 

## CHURERO



STYLES display bold italic 96 pt

## EJECUTAR

 ART DÉCO

## cascabullo

## baldadura



## STYLES <br> display extra bold 96pt

## ENGELTJE <br> VAKBLAD



STYLES display extra bold italic $96 p t$
KOPSTUK

## BEDWING



## vermijden

 niet-exact wolharige
## STYLES display black 96pt

## ESTRACH



# HOJEREM OCYKASZ <br>  



STYLES Thin Deck

42pt
Titan or OLCF-3 was a cool supercomputer built by
Cray at Oak Ridge National Laboratory at Virginia Tech
$34 p t$
Titan was an upgrade of Jaguar, a previous supercomputer at Oak Ridge, that uses graphics processing units (GPUs). These are named for

The upgrade began in October 2011, commenced stability testing in October 2012 and it became available to researchers in early 2013. The initial cost of the upgrade was US\$60 million, funded primarily by the United States Department of Energy.

STYLES Light Deck

# Dywizja była pierwsza wielką jednostką Wojska Polskiego sformowana we Francji. Jej formowanie 

# Wtedy to w uzgodnieniu z 

 rządem francuskim ogłoszono pobór polskich obywateli mieszkajacych we Francji oraz zaciag wśród26pt
3 listopada 1939 Naczelny Wódz gen. Władysław Sikorski wydał formalny rozkaz o sformowaniu 1 Dywizji Piechoty. Na dowódcę dywizji gen. Sikorski wyznaczyt ptk. Stanisława Maczka, ówczesnego dowódcę oddziatów polskich w Coëtquidanzizp

STYLES Book Deck

# Han var 1500-tallets mest betydningsfulde repræsentant for rencessancehumanismen og fik tilnavnet 

$34 p t$

# Han var en glimrende latinist, og han stod for en banebrydende udgivelse af Det Nye Testamente på det originale oldgreske sprog 

Erasmus levede på reformationens tid. Han var, ligesom Martin Luther, kritisk indstillet over for de kirkelige misbrug i den katolske kirke, og han forsøgte at reformere kirken. Da det kom til stykket, kunne han dog ikke tilslutte sig Luther og

STYLES Regular Deck

# Un cantautor es un <br> músico, por lo general, un solista, que escribe, compone y canta de sus propias 

# Aunque hay muchos cantantes de diversos géneros que escriben sus propias canciones, el término cantautor suele usarse 

El género musical característico del cantautor se conoce como canción de autor. Durante un tiempo, a este tipo de música se lo llamó canción protesta. Hoy en día el género se encuentra menos cargado de connotaciones críticas o

STYLES Semi Bold Deck

# La création de lieux de culte autour du mont Lempuyang est considérée comme antérieure 

# Les temples du mont Lempuy- 

 ang, dont le Pura Lempuyang Luhur est le temple le plus élevé de la région, sont regroupesLes groupes de temples sont considérés comme faisant partie du Sad Kahyangan Jagad, ou des «six sanctuaires du monde», les six lieux de culte les plus sacrés de Bali. Selon les croyances balinaises, ils sont les points

STYLES Bold Deck

# Die Straßenbahn der Gemeinde Heiligensee an der Havel war ein ehemals selbstständiger 

# Die Gesellschaft eröffnete am 29. Mai 1913 zwei Straßenbahnlinien, die von Tegel nach Heiligensee sowie iuber Konrad 

Am 1. Oktober 1920 wurden die Gemeinden Heiligensee und Tegel im Zuge des Groß-Berlin-Gesetzes nach Berlin eingemeindet und dem Verwaltungsbezirk Reinickendorf angegliedert, die Gemeindebahn ging am selben

STYLES Extra Bold Deck

# A principal língua falada no país ế o espanhol (94\% da população). Entre os idiomas oficiais 

# Além do território continental, o Equador possui também 

 as ilhas Galápagos, a cerca de 1000 km do território conti-O país é o lar de uma grande variedade de espécies endêmicas, muitas delas nas ilhas Galápagos. Esta diversidade de espécies faz do Equador $u m$ dos dezessete paises megadiversos do mundo, sendo considerado 0

STYLES Black Deck

# Een gehucht is een woonplaats die kleiner is dan een dorp. Als verschil wordt soms gen... 

# Dit gant niet altijd op en feitelijk is er geen duidelijke grens (meer) tussen beide categorieën te trekken. Het is 

Het woord gehucht stamt af van het collectivum van hoeve: "gehofte". Dit is omdat gehuchten rond een of meen alleenstaande hoeves ontstonden. Die waren opgericht te midden van woeste grond,


#### Abstract

La forma più arcaica di greco che ci sia nota attraverso la scrittura è il miceneo, la lingua parlata dalle classi dominanti nei centri palaziali della civiltà micenea; altre forme di greco, di cui alcune in parte note attraverso testimonianze, coesistevano accanto al miceneo. Alla fine del II millennio a.C. questa lingua regredì a causa del crollo della civiltà micenea, lasciando il posto a ciò che chiamiamo greco antico, ossia un insieme di varianti mutualmente intelligibili che prendono il nome di


Il greco antico è stato indubbiamente una delle lingue più importanti nella storia della cultura dell'umanità: è stata la lingua di Omero, dei primi filosofi e dei primi scrittori dell'occidente. Termini del greco antico sono stati presi in prestito dai Romani nella lingua latina e attraverso questi sono arrivati fino ai nostri giorni. La nomenclatura binomiale, sebbene sia espressa in latino, attinge fortemente dal vocabolario del greco antico. Numerosi concetti tipici della contemporaneità, come quello di democrazia, sono nati nella Grecia

12pt
10pt

Come il greco moderno, che ne è una profonda evoluzione, il greco antico era una lingua indoeuropea le cui origini sono ancora oggi difficili da chiarire: i diversi dialetti parlati in Grecia avevano una comune radice che i linguisti hanno chiamato protogreco ed erano diffusi, prima della migrazione dorica, nell'area balcanica. Rintracciare un antenato precedente risulta molto difficoltoso, armena (alcuni parlano così di un progenitore chiamato

Si può pensare che il proto-greco abbia perso la propria unità linguistica al tempo dell'invasione dorica, a seguito della quale, in un periodo compreso fra il 1200 e il 1000 a.C., si è avuto lo sviluppo di numerose varianti di greco antico, ricordate come dialetti greci antichi. Le prime attestazioni del greco antico compaiono attorno all'viII secolo a.C. con lo sviluppo di un determinato tipo di alfabeto. La perdita dell'unità linguistica porta allo sviluppo di diverse varietà di greco, ciascuna delle quali deriva il proprio nome da quello della popolazione greca in cui era parlata: così, il dialetto dorico era parlato dai Dori, l'eolico dagli


#### Abstract

Bereits die Kelten tranken selbst erzeugten Wein. Möglicherweise pressten und vergärten sie Früchte von Wildreben, die im Moselraum schon in der Jungsteinzeit verbreitet waren. Ob sie deren Kultivierung und Veredlung zu Weintrauben beherrschten, ist aber archäobotanisch erst für die spätere, die galloromanische Zeit nachgewiesen. Wein in Amphoren importierten sie, archäologisch belegt, noch weit bis in die Zeiten der römischen Herrschaft. In der Folge der Gaius


Der landwirtschaftliche Weinbau in Deutschland beginnt, seit 1977 archäologisch nachgewiesen, mit den Ausgrabungen römerzeitlicher Kelteranlagen. Bei Erdbewegungen zu Flurbereinigungen und Umlegungsarbeiten alter Weinberge an der Mittelmosel wurden Anlagen gefunden und erforscht, die auf einen Anbau ab dem 1. Jahrhundert, bereits in Hang- bzw. Steillagen, hinweisen. Ab 1979 wurden ähnliche Funde in der Pfalz (Bad Dürkheim Ungstein, Wachenheim) gemacht, die den Weinbau dort schon in

Die Lex Salica (Pactus Legis Salicae) wurde 507-511 auf Anordnung des Merowingerkönigs Chlodwig I. verfasst, womit sie eines der ältesten erhaltenen Gesetzbücher ist. Sie zählt zu den germanischen Stammesrechten. Der Raub von Rebstöcken wird dabei dem Raub von Obstgehölz gleichgestellt und mit einer Strafe von 600 Denier belegt. In seinem Reisebericht De navigio suo aus dem Jahr 588 über seine Moselfahrt von

[^0]
# Le Frison (frison occidental : Frysk Hynder, néerlandais: Fries) est une race de chevaux de selle et de chevaux carrossiers originaire de la Frise, une province des Pays-Bas dont il tire son nom. Il porte toujours une robe noire, d'où son surnom, «a perle noire». Bien que des origines anciennes lui soient souvent prêtées, ce cheval de prestige est réellement défini lors de la constitution de son registre généalogique sous l'impulsion de l'aristocratie frisonne en 1879, dans le contexte 

Il est ensuite menacé de disparition, en raison de l'engouement pour le cheval de trait lourd à la fin du XIXe siècle. Il retrouve la popularité à la fin du XXe siècle, au point que le cheptel d'environ 60000 têtes en 2012 s'est diffusé vers une cinquantaine de pays. En plus de sa robe noire, le Frison se caractérise par son modèle baroque, influencé par les chevaux ibériques. Tous les Frison actuels descendent d'un nombre particulièrement réduit d'étalons fondateurs, ce qui a généré une

12pt
Le nom du Frison en frison occidental est Frysk Hynder et en néerlandais Fries paard, le nom en anglais étant Friesian. Il ne doit pas être confondu avec le Frison oriental, qui est une race de chevaux distincte : il est nommé «Frison occidental» par certaines sources pour faciliter cette distinction. Son nom provient de sa région d'origine, la Frise, qui se distingue du reste du pays, les Pays-Bas, par «une certaine réserve».

10pt

> Comme beaucoup d'autres races de chevaux, le Frison a vu son histoire être régulièrement déformée, notamment sous l'influence du nationalisme qui a poussé à lui rechercher des origines les plus anciennes possibles, en les ancrant dans le territoire. De plus, les chevaux désignés sous le nom de «Frison» ont évolué, passant du statut de montures de guerre à celui de chevaux de manège, puis de carrossiers, et enfin de chevaux de trait11,. La plupart des caractéristiques du Frison actuel sont définies au cours du XIXe siècle. En effet, la Frise a appartenu à différents. États au cours de son

# Belgiju čini nizina uz obalu Sjevernog mora i Kanala, središnji brežuljkast ravnjak i gorje Ardeni na jugoistoku. Uz nisku i pjeskovitu obalu pruža se Flandrijska nizina (Vlaanderen). Duž obale obrubljena je pojasom dina (visine do 30 m i širine do 2.5 km ), koje od poplave mora zaštičuju polderi- isušeno močvarno područje. Polderi prelaze prema unutrašnjosti u pješčano-glinovitu (20-50 m) nizinu Flandrije, s brežuljcima visine do 150 m . 

Sjeveroistočno od rijeke Schlede na poldere se nastavlja pješčani kempenski ravnjak visine do 100 m (uz rijeku Meuse). Središnji valoviti ravnjak pruža se između Schlede odnosno Flandrijske nizine na zapadu, kempenskog ravnjaka na sjeveru i dolina rijeke Meuse-Sambre na istoku. Izdiže se od 80 m na sjeveru do 200 m na jugu. Prekriven je pješčanim i glinovitim naslagama, a na jugu plodnim praporom. Jugoistočno od doline Meuse- Sambre prostire se Visoka Belgija s pješča

12pt
Belgija ima okeansku klimu; uticaj zračnih masa s Atlantika jak je u primorju i središnjem dijelu zemlje. Zime su blage i maglovite, a ljeta prohladna s rijetkim kišama. Srednja januarska temperatura snižava se od obale ( $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) prema unutrašnjosti ( $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ u Ardenima) dok je srednja julska temperatura najviša $u$ središnjoj Belgiji (do $22^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ), a najniža u planinskom području (14 ${ }^{\circ}$ C). Godišnja količina padalina

10pt

[^1]Likernôch 27 persint fan it oerflak is bosk; it is dêrmei it boskrykste lân fan de Jeropeeske Uny. Sintraal Frankryk wurdt dominearre troch it Sintraal Massyf, in platoberchte mei as heechste punt de Puy de Sancy (1,886 $m$ ). Fierder binne der yn it suden noch de Sevennen te finen, ien fan de sân nasjonale parken fan Frankryk. Korsika is it grutste Frânske eilân yn de Middellânske See mei in oerflak fan $8,680 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$. It eilân is berchachtich

14pt
Op de grins mei Switserlân leit de Mar fan Genêve. Fan Switserlân út, troch dit mar en tusken de Alpen en it Sintraal Massyf troch rint de wylde Rône, nei de Middellânske see. Westlik fan it Sintraal Massyf leit de leechflakte fan Akwitaanje, dêr't de Garonne en de Dordogne nei de Atlantyske Oseaan trochhinne rinne. Noardliker rint de Loire yn deselde rjochting. Troch Noard-Frankryk rint de Seine, fan de omkriten fan Dijon ôf, troch Parys nei it noardwesten en komt by

De grinzen fan it hjoeddeiske Frankryk rinne hast lykop mei de grinzen fan Galje, dêr't de Keltyske Galjers eartiids wennen. Julius Caesar fan it Romeinske Ryk ferovere Galje yn de $1 e$ iuw, en de Galjers namen de Romaanske taal (Latyn, de grûnslach foar it Frânsk) en kultuer oer. It Kristendom waard yn'e 2e en 3e iuw it nije leauwen, dat yn de fjirde en fyfde iuw rûnom sa djip woartele wie dat

Yn 'e santjinde iuw rekke it Frânske keningskip mei Loadewyk XIV op it hichtepunt. Yn 'e santjinde en achttjinde iuw wie dat mei Frânske taal lyksa, dy waard yn literêre rûnten en bestjoeren yn it bûtenlân brûkt. Oan 'e ein fan de $\mathbf{1 8 e}$ iuw hie Frankryk koloanjes by de roes yn Noard- en Súd Amearika, Afrika en Aazje. Nei de Frânske Revolúsje fan 1789 waard Frankryk in republyk. De Frânske republyk bleau net sa lang want yn 1799 kaam Napoleon I oan 'e macht. Napoleon waard letter keizer fan it Earste Frânske Ryk (1804-1814). Yn 1815 waard Napoleon yn 'e

# Kültürel merkez oluşunun yanı sıra zarif binalarıyla da bilinir. Baltık Denizi kıyısında Neva Nehri üzerindeki 42 ada üzerine yayılmıştır. Çar I. Petro tarafından 16 Mayıs 1703'te Rus Çarlığı'nın Avrupa'ya açılan kapısı olması amacıyla kurulan şehir, 200 yıl Rus Çarlığı'nın başkentliğini yapmıştır. 1914-1924 yılları arasında, yani çoğunluğunu I. Dünya Savaşı ile Rus İç Savaşı'nın kapsadığı dönemde Rusya'nın Almanya ile savaşmasın 

14pt
1917 Büyük Ekim Sosyalist Devrimi'nden sonra Bolşevikler Mart 1918'de Moskova'yı başkent yapmıştır. Petrograd tarihi bir şehir olarak önemini korusa da siyasi ve ekonomik açıdan ülkenin ikinci önemli şehri konumuna düşmüştür. Şehir 1924-1991 yılları arasinda yani Sovyetler Birliği döneminde Leningrad olarak adlandırılmiştır. 1991 yılında Sovyetler Birliği'nin dağılmasıyla Boris Yeltsin yönetimi, şehrin ismini yeniden Sankt-Peterburg olarak

12pt
Bir Doğu şehri sayılan Moskova'nın aksine Sankt-Peterburg, 5 milyonluk nüfusuyla daha "Avrupai"dir ve kuruluş amacı olan "Avrupa'ya açılan kapı" olma amacını gerçekleştirmiştir. Ayrıca bir rivayete göre kurulduğu zaman Venedik ve Roma'nin bir sentezi olması düşünülmüştür. [kaynak belirtilmeli]Geniş bulvarları, dingin suları, köprüleri ve çarlık mimarisinin bazı örnekleri,

10pt
Sankt-Peterburg Baltık Denizi'nin Finlandiya Körfezi'nde Neva Körfezi kıyıları ile Neva Nehri deltasında bulunan adalar üzerinde bulunan rakımı düşük orta "tayga" bölgesinde kurulmuştur. Bu şehirleşmiş adalar arasında en büyükleri Neva Körfezinde (Obvodniy kanall ile Fontanka arasinda bulunan Körfezdeki Kotin) insan yapısı adalar ile doğal Vasilyevskiy Petrogradskiy ve Dekabristov adalarıdir. Krestovsky, Yelagin ve Kamenny adalart ise park alanlarıdır. Şehrin kuzeyinde bulunan Karelya Yarımadası şehrin popular

# Næstu eyjar eru Vanúatú í vestri, franska eyjan Ný-ja-Kaledónía í suðvestri, nýsjálenska eyjan Kermadec í suðaustri, Tonga í austri, Samóaeyjar og Wallis- og Fútúnaeyjar í norðaustri og Túvalú í norðri. Ríkið er á eyjaklasa sem í eru meira en 330 eyjar, par af 110 byggдar, og yfir 500 smáeyjar. Heildarlandsvaði eyjanna er 18.300 ferkîlómetrar. Ysti eyjaklasinn er Ono-i-Lau. Um $\mathbf{8 7 \%}$ îbúanna bûa á tveimur starstu eyjunum, Viti 

Eyjarnar hafa verið byggðar mönnum frá pví á öðru árpúsundinu f.Kr., fyrst af Ástrónesum og síðar Melanesum. Hollenskir og breskir landkönnuðir komu til eyjanna á 17.og 18. öld. Bretar gerðu eyjarnar ađ̃ nýlendu árió 1874 og fluttu pangað verkamenn frá Indlandi til að vinna á sykurplantekrum. Landið fékk sjálfstæði árið 1970. Eftir röð valdarána áriđ 1987 lýsti herforingjastjórnin yfir stofnun lýðveldis. Eftir valdarán 2006 tók yfirflotaforinginn

10pt

Fídjí er staðsett miđsvæðis í Suðvestur-Kyrrahafi, á milli Vanúatú og Tonga. Eyjarnar liggja milli $176^{\circ} 56^{\prime}$ austur og $178^{\circ} 12^{\prime}$ vestur. Pær ná yfir um 1.300.000 ferkílómetra svædi, en aðeins 1,5\% pess er á purru landi. 180. lengdarbaugur liggur um Taveuni en daglinan sveigist um eyjarnar til aす̃ sami tîmi (UTC+12) sé á peim öllum. Ef Rotuma er undanskilin liggur eyjaklasinn

Land Fídjí er um $\mathbf{1 8 . 2 7 2}$ ferkílómetrar á 332 (bar af 106 byggdum) og 522 smáeyjum. Flestir íbúanna búa á tveimur eyjum, Viti Levu og Vanua Levu, sem samanlagt eru ${ }^{2 / 3}$ af purrlendi eyjaklasans. Eyjarnar eru fjalllendar og paktar péttum hitabeltisfrumskógi. Hæsti tindur eyjanna er Tomanivi-fjall á Viti Levu, 1.324 metrar á hæə. Höfuдborgin, Suva, er á Viti levu, og par eru lika önnur stersta borgin, Lautoka, og sú pridja stærsta, Nadi, par sem albjóđaflugvöllurinn er. Helstu bair á Vanua Levu eru Labasa og Savusavu.

# La Constitución Política de los Estados Unidos Mexicanos de 1917 es la carta magna y norma fundamental, establecida para regir jurídicamente al país, la cual fija los limites y define las relaciones entre los poderes de la federación: poder legislativo, ejecutivo $y$ judicial, entre los tres órdenes diferenciados del gobierno: el federal, estatal y municipal, y entre todos aquellos ylos ciudadanos. Asímismo, fija las bases 

En total, el texto constitucional cuenta con nueve Títulos que contienen 136 artículos y 19 transitorios. E1 texto sigue los lineamientos clásicos de las doctrinas políticas al contar con una parte dogmática, que abarca los primeros 38 articulos $y$ establece derechos $y$ obligaciones, y una parte orgánica, contenida en los 98 articulos restantes y que define la organización de los poderes pûblicos. Tuvo como precedentes la Constitución de Apa-

17 de agosto de 1901, los hermanos Flores Magón fundaron el periódico jurídico de México Regeneración, desde el cual criticaban la corrupción del sistema judicial del régimen del general Porfirio Diaz, lo que los llevó a la cárcel. En 1902, los Flores Magón y un grupo de liberales arrendaron el periódico El Hijo del Ahuizote. En 1903, en el cuadragésimo sexto aniversario

Al paso del tiempo, las críticas y las condiciones del país desataron diversos conflictos que, junto al resultado de las elecciones de 1910, dieron como resultado el inicio, el 20 de noviembre de ese año, del conflicto armado conocido como la Revolución mexicana de 1910. Según los Tratados de Ciudad Juárez, tras la renuncia de Porfirio Díaz, Francisco León de la Barra ocupó la presidencia de México interinamente hasta que pudieran llevarse a cabo elecciones. León de la Barra entrególa presidencia a Francisco I.

## STYLE COMBINATIONS

# Albertus (typeface) 

FROM WIKIPEDIA, THE FREE ENCYCLOPEDIA

# Albertus is a glyphic serif display typeface designed by Berthold Wolpe in the period 1932 to 1940 for the British branch of the printing company Monotype. 

## History

Wolpe named the font after Albertus Magnus, the thirteenth-century German philosopher and theologian.

Wolpe studied as a metal engraver, and Albertus was modelled to resemble letters carved into bronze. The face began as titling capitals. Eventually a lowercase roman was added, and later a strongly cursive, narrow italic. Albertus has slight glyphic serifs. It is available in light and italic varieties.

The project began in 1932. ${ }^{[1]}$ Titling caps were released first, and the Monotype Recorder of summer 1935 presented the capitals as an advance showing. ${ }^{[2]}$ Other characters and a lower case were added by 1940. Albertus has remained popular since its release and since the end of mass use of metal type phototypesetting and digital versions have been released.

## ChARACTERISTICS

- In the uppercase " $M$ " the middle strokes descend only partway, not reaching the baseline, in the default version.
- The uppercase "U" has a stem on the right side.
- Figures are lining.

In the metal type period, Albertus was offered with alternative characters, including a non-descending 'J' that stops at the baseline, an ' $M$ ' that reaches the baseline, and a different ampersand, similar to that used on Dwiggins' Metro. ${ }^{[3]}$

Wolpe later designed Pegasus, a spiky serif design intended to complement Albertus with more body text-oriented proportions. It was less popular and had faded in popularity by the end of the metal type period, although Matthew Carter digitised it and added a bold and italic in 1980 as part of a commemorative exhibition project on Wolpe's work.

## References

(1) "Albertus Nova". Monotype. 10 October 2019. Retrieved 16 November 2019.
(2) "Front cover" (PDF). Monotype Recorder. 34 (2): 1-2. 1935. Retrieved 16 September 2015.
(3) Coles, Stephen; Fidlin, Noah (6 May 2015). "Parachutes by Coldplay". Fonts In Use. Retrieved 15 April 2016.t
styLe combinations


STYLE COMBINATIONS


## CHARACTER SET

Uppercase

# ABCDEFGHIJKLMN OPQRSTUVWXY\&Z 

Lowercase

# abcdefghijklmn <br> opqrstuvwxyz 

Small Capitals

# ABCDEFGHIJKLMN OPQRSTUVWXYZ 

Figures: Lining, Oldstyle, Superscript, Subscript, Numerators, Denominators

## 0123456789 <br> 0123456789 <br> 0123456789

$$
0123456789
$$

01234567890123456789

CHARACTER SET

Uppercase Latin Extended
ÀÁÄÂÃĀĀÅÅÁĄÆた́氏́ĆČČÇÇ ĎĐÈÉËÊĚĒĔĖE ĜĞĞĢĤHİİÏ ÎĪİİITJ́KĹ亡LLLLENŇÑNNNOÓ ÖÔÕŌÖŐøǿGŔŘRŚŜŠŞȘß ŤŢȚTùúüûũūŭưứųẀW ẄŴỲÝŸŶŹŽŽபÍJ́pə

Lowercase Latin Extended
àaäâãāāåãąæǽćĉččçđđðd



 żijpo

CHARACTER SET

Swash Capitals Latin Extended
ÀÁÄÂÃĀĀÅÅÁĄ厌库ĆĈČĊÇĐÐ ĎÈÉËÊĚĒĔĖĘĞĞĠĢĤHİİİÎĨĪ

 ùúüûûũūŭủűųẁẃẅ̂̂ŶÝ ŸŶŽŽŻĐÛ́p

Alternates

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { TEJQU】AEJQU』 }
\end{aligned}
$$

## CHARACTER SET

# ©日DGDOFTHLLHNOC OGOOSTJГTZDDGDOFIF LHHNOCOGOOSTJГTZff 

#   $\checkmark^{\mathrm{AO}}\left(\mathbb{C}\left(\mathbb{B}{ }^{\mathbb{T M}} \mathrm{NO} \underset{\sim}{\mathcal{G}}\right.\right.$ 

Currency Symbols

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { \$せE¥Fも€fB\#ミBA』キ }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Math Symbols

$+-x \cdot \div / V=\neq \approx>\sim \leq \geq \pm \neg^{0}$
\％／oo $\infty \pi \mu \Omega \partial \Delta \prod \sum \int^{1} / 4^{1 / 2} 2^{3} / 4$

## CHARACTER SET



Uppercase Punctuation

# ic＠（）\｛\}[]---・く><>>(®®(B) 

Circled Numerals

# （1）（2）（3）（4）（5）（6）（7）（8）（9） <br> 103406089 

OPENTYPE FEATURES

SS01：Alternate A

# ARCHÆ $\rightarrow$ ARCHE 

SS02：Alternate E

# BESTED $\rightarrow$ BESTED 

## OPENTYPE FEATURES

# DAGJE $\rightarrow$ DAGJE 

SS04: Alternate Q

## QUIZED $\rightarrow$ QUIZED

SS05: Alternate U

## GURUS $\rightarrow$ GURUS

SS06: Alternate Dutch IJ

## BLJF $\rightarrow$ BLIIF

Standard Ligatures

## Differ $\rightarrow$ Differ

## Discretionary Ligatures

## LITTER $\rightarrow$ LJГER

## Oldstyle Figures

# EST $1984 \rightarrow$ EST 1984 

## OPENTYPE FEATURES

Subscript, Superscript, and Arbitrary Fractions

## $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH} \pi^{35} 25187 / 299$

# IJspríjs $\rightarrow$ Uspríjs rămăşiţele $\rightarrow$ rămășițele PARAL•LEL $\rightarrow$ PARALLEL VERILEN $\rightarrow$ VERİL 

## OPENTYPE FEATURES

## SS07: Circled Numbers

## 2 Milk $\rightarrow$ (2) Milk

## SS08: Negative Circled Numbers

## 3 Bread $\rightarrow$ 3 Bread

Small Capitals

## Wonder $\rightarrow$ WONDER

Capitals to Small Capitals

## FUNNY $\rightarrow$ FUNNY

## LANGUAGES SUPPORTED

| Abenaki | Frisian | Makhuwa | Sicilian |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Afaan Oromo | Friulian | Malay | Silesian |
| Afar | Gagauz (Latin) | Maltese | Slovak |
| Afrikaans | Galician | Manx | Slovenian |
| Albanian | Ganda | Māori | Slovio (Latin) |
| Alsatian | Genoese | Marquesan | Somali |
| Amis | German | Megleno-Romanian | Sorbian (Lower Sorbian) |
| Anuta | Gikuyu | Meriam Mir | Sorbian (Upper Sorbian) |
| Aragonese | Gooniyandi | Mirandese | Sotho (Northern) |
| Aranese | Greenlandic (Kalaallisut) | Mohawk | Sotho (Southern) |
| Aromanian | Guadeloupean Creole | Moldovan | Spanish |
| Arrernte | Gwich'in | Montagnais | Sranan |
| Arvanitic (Latin) | Haitian Creole | Montenegrin | Sundanese (Latin) |
| Asturian | Hän | Murrinh-Patha | Swahili |
| Atayal | Hawaiian | Nagamese Creole | Swazi |
| Aymara | Hiligaynon | Nahuatl | Swedish |
| Azerbaijani | Hopi | Ndebele | Tagalog |
| Bashkir (Latin) | Hotcąk (Latin) | Neapolitan | Tahitian |
| Basque | Hungarian | Ngiyambaa | Tetum |
| Belarusian (Latin) | Icelandic | Niuean | Tok Pisin |
| Bemba | Ido | Noongar | Tokelauan |
| Bikol | Igbo | Norwegian | Tongan |
| Bislama | Ilocano | Novial | Tshiluba |
| Bosnian | Indonesian | Occidental | Tsonga |
| Breton | Interglossa | Occitan | Tswana |
| Cape Verdean Creole | Interlingua | Old Icelandic | Tumbuka |
| Catalan | Irish | Old Norse | Turkish |
| Cebuano | Istro-Romanian | Oshiwambo | Turkmen (Latin) |
| Chamorro | Italian | Ossetian (Latin) | Tuvaluan |
| Chavacano | Jamaican | Palauan | Tzotzil |
| Chichewa | Javanese (Latin) | Papiamento | Uzbek (Latin) |
| Chickasaw | Jèrriais | Piedmontese | Venetian |
| Cimbrian | Kaingang | Polish | Vepsian |
| Cofán | Kala Lagaw Ya | Portuguese | Volapük |
| Cornish | Kapampangan (Latin) | Potawatomi | Võro |
| Corsican | Kaqchikel | Q'eqchi' | Wallisian |
| Creek | Karakalpak (Latin) | Quechua | Walloon |
| Crimean Tatar (Latin) | Karelian (Latin) | Rarotongan | Waray-Waray |
| Croatian | Kashubian | Romanian | Warlpiri |
| Czech | Kikongo | Romansh | Wayuu |
| Danish | Kinyarwanda | Rotokas | Welsh |
| Dawan | Kiribati | Sami (Inari Sami) | Wik-Mungkan |
| Delaware | Kirundi | Sami (Lule Sami) | Wiradjuri |
| Dholuo | Klingon | Sami (Northern Sami) | Wolof |
| Drehu | Kurdish (Latin) | Sami (Southern Sami) | Xavante |
| Dutch | Ladin | Samoan | Xhosa |
| English | Latin | Sango | Yapese |
| Esperanto | Latino sine Flexione | Saramaccan | Yindjibarndi |
| Estonian | Latvian | Sardinian | Zapotec |
| Faroese | Lithuanian | Scottish Gaelic | Zarma |
| Fijian | Lojban | Serbian (Latin) | Zazaki |
| Filipino | Lombard | Seri | Zulu |
| Finnish | Low Saxon | Seychellois Creole | Zuni |
| Folkspraak | Luxembourgish | Shawnee |  |
| French | Maasai | Shona |  |




[^0]:    „Ringsum bieten dem Blick mit drohenden Gipfeln sich Berghöhn, Wo zu den Wolken hinan steiget das schroffe Geklipp, Hoch zu den Felsen empor senkrecht aufstrebend die Gipfel, und das rauhe Gestein, himmelan thürmt es sich auf. Dennoch bezwingt man, Frucht zu erbringen den starrenden Schiefer, Selbst der Felsen gebiert und es entströmet der Wein. Allwärts siehst du die Höh'n umkleidet mit grünenden Reben, und sanft lächelnde Luft spielet der Rank' im Gelock. Dicht in Zeilen gepflanzt in das Schiefergestein ist der Rebstock, und an die Brauen des Berg's zieh'n sich begrenzte Geländ'. Anbau lacht aus

[^1]:    Belgija je parlamentarna ustavna i nasljedna monarhija. Ustav je donesen 7. februara 1831. te je više puta dopunjavan. Ustavnim promjenama iz 1970., 1971., 1974. i 1980., a posebno ustavnim zakonodavstvom iz 1993., Belgija je federalizirana. Novim prvim člankom ustava Belgija je definisana kao federativna država sastavljena od tri autonomne regije. U zajedničkoj nadležnosti su: vojska, monetarna i vanjska politika, a sve ostalo prenosi se na regije. Donošenjem jezičnih zakona u 1960-im godinama, Belgija je postupno preuredena u skladu sa složenim sistemom stanovništva.

